

Romans in Britain: End of Topic Quiz

Year 4 · History · Romans in Britain

Name: _____

Date: _____

Answer all ten questions. Use the word banks to help you. Write in full sentences where you can.

Part 1: Who and when



Choose the best answer from the word bank, or write your own.

Julius Caesar Claudius Boudicca Hadrian

1. Which Roman leader brought an army to Britain in 55 BC but did not stay?
2. In AD 43, which Roman emperor ordered the invasion that made Britain part of the Roman Empire?
3. Which queen of the Iceni led a rebellion against the Romans?
4. Which emperor ordered a long stone wall to be built across the north of Britain?

Part 2: Roman Britain

Answer in a sentence or two.

Londinium Aquae Sulis legionary mosaic

1. What did the Romans call their capital city in Britain, which is London today?
2. What did the Romans call the town we now call Bath, and why did they build baths there?
3. Why did the Romans build long, straight roads across Britain?
4. What was a Roman bath house used for?

Draw a Roman road and label what it was for

Part 3: Everyday life



Think about what the Romans brought to Britain.

1. What is a mosaic? Describe what it is made from.
2. Name two things the Romans brought to Britain that we still use today.

Answers

For the teacher

1. Julius Caesar
2. Claudius
3. Boudicca
4. Hadrian
5. Londinium
6. Aquae Sulis. The Romans built baths there because of the natural hot springs, which they believed had healing powers.
7. So soldiers and supplies could march quickly from place to place, and so messages could travel fast across the empire.
8. Bathing, exercising and meeting friends. It was a bit like a leisure centre, and some had hot, warm and cold rooms.
9. A picture made from lots of small coloured tiles (tesserae) fitted together, usually on a floor.
10. Accept any two of: straight roads, coins, towns, central heating (hypocaust), bath houses, Latin words, calendars, bricks and tiles, glass windows, laws.