

The Romans in Britain

Year 4 · History · Romans in Britain

Name: _____

Date: _____

Read each question carefully and use the word bank to help you spell the tricky Roman words. Write in full sentences where you can.

Fill the gaps



Use the words in the box to finish each sentence.

empire invaded legion Celts aqueduct amphitheatre mosaic
Hadrian's Wall

1. The Roman _____ grew to cover much of Europe, North Africa and the Middle East.
2. Julius Caesar _____ Britain in 55 BC, but the Romans did not stay long.
3. A group of about 5,000 Roman soldiers was called a _____.
4. The people already living in Britain were called the _____.
5. A _____ carried fresh water into a Roman town.
6. Romans watched plays and gladiator fights in an _____.
7. A picture made from tiny coloured tiles is called a _____.
8. The Emperor Hadrian built _____ across the north of Britain.

Answer in sentences

1. Why did the Romans build such straight roads?
2. What was a Roman villa, and who lived there?
3. Name two things the Romans brought to Britain.
4. Why did Boudicca fight against the Romans?
5. What might an archaeologist dig up to learn about Roman Britain?

Put it in order

Number these events from 1 to 5, starting with the earliest.

1. Boudicca led a revolt against the Romans.
2. Julius Caesar invaded Britain.
3. The Romans left Britain.
4. Claudius conquered Britain with a huge army.
5. Hadrian's Wall was built across the north.

Roman soldier

Draw a Roman soldier and label his armour, helmet, shield and sword.

Draw and label a Roman soldier

Answers

For the teacher

1. empire
2. invaded
3. legion
4. Celts
5. aqueduct
6. amphitheatre
7. mosaic
8. Hadrian's Wall
9. Straight roads were quicker for soldiers to march along and let messages and supplies travel fast across the empire.
10. A villa was a big country house with land and farm buildings, where a wealthy Roman family lived. Many had mosaic floors and their own bath house.
11. Any two of: straight roads, towns, baths, central heating, aqueducts, coins, writing, laws, new foods such as apples and cherries.
12. Boudicca was queen of the Iceni tribe. The Romans took her land and treated her people badly, so she led a revolt and burned Colchester, London and St Albans.
13. Any of: coins, pots, bones, roof tiles, writing tablets, jewellery, the remains of buildings and roads.
14. Julius Caesar invaded Britain = 1, Claudius conquered Britain = 2, Boudicca led a revolt = 3, Hadrian's Wall was built = 4, the Romans left Britain = 5.